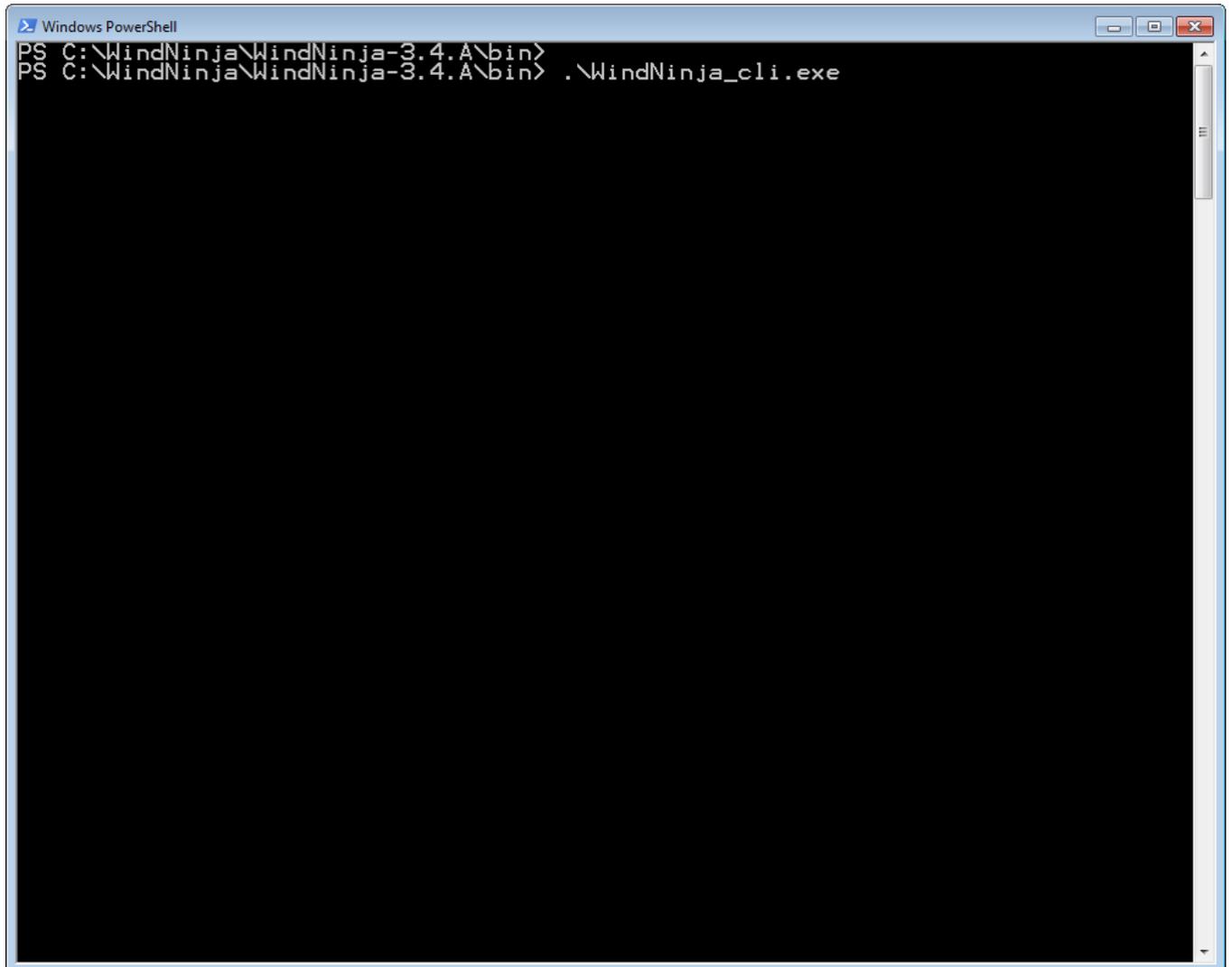


Instructions for using WindNinja's command line interface (CLI)



```
Windows PowerShell
PS C:\WindNinja\WindNinja-3.4.A\bin>
PS C:\WindNinja\WindNinja-3.4.A\bin> .\WindNinja_cli.exe
```

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Introduction

To allow WindNinja to be used more easily by other programs or through scripting, a command line interface (CLI) has been developed. Programmers should find this very useful, however, most WindNinja users (fire managers and fire modelers) will not use the CLI. This short paper gives a description of how to use the CLI. It assumes that you have some experience running programs from the command line (terminal).

The WindNinja cli is provided as a separate executable called “WindNinja_cli.exe”. This executable comes with the normal installation of WindNinja for the Windows operating system (in the “bin” directory). It is also possible to run WindNinja on GNU/Linux. Users interested in the Linux version should visit the [WindNinja development website](#). The CLI executable is dependent on all of the dynamic link libraries provided in the “bin” directory (libcurl.dll, gdal18.dll, etc.) except the Qt libraries “Qt4Core4.dll” and “QtGui4.dll” (used only in the gui version).

Starting A Run

A cli run must be started from a terminal (or “spawned” or something equivalent when called from another program). You type the name of the cli executable (“WindNinja_cli.exe”) and then options (arguments) to specify information about the run. The options can either be specified directly from the terminal, by using a configuration file, or some combination of these. To use the terminal, just type the executable followed by the options and associated values. To use a configuration file, just type the name of the executable followed by the name of the configuration file (absolute or relative path from the location of the executable file).

Available Options

The available options with descriptions can be viewed by typing:

```
WindNinja_cli.exe
```

(note that it is optional to add the file extension “.exe” to “WindNinja_cli”) A list of the available options should be shown and look similar to this:

```

--units_shape_out_resolution arg (=m) units of shapefile resolution (ft, m)
--write_wx_model_ascii_output arg (=0) write ascii fire behavior output files
for the raw wx model forecast (true,
false)
--write_ascii_output arg (=0) write ascii fire behavior output files
(true, false)
--ascii_out_resolution arg (=1) resolution of ascii fire behavior
output files (-1 to use mesh
resolution)
--units_ascii_out_resolution arg (=m) units of ascii fire behavior output
file resolution (ft, m)
--write_vtk_output arg (=0) write VTK output file (true, false)
--write_farsite_atm arg (=0) write a FARSITE atm file (true, false)
--write_pdf_output arg (=0) write PDF output file (true, false)
--pdf_out_resolution arg (=1) resolution of pdf output file (-1 to
use mesh resolution)
--units_pdf_out_resolution arg (=m) units of PDF resolution (ft, m)
--pdf_linewidth arg (=1) width of PDF vectors (in pixels)
--pdf_basemap arg (=topofire) background image of the geospatial pdf,
default is topo map
--pdf_height arg height of geospatial pdf
--pdf_width arg width of geospatial pdf
--pdf_size arg (=letter) pre-defined pdf sizes (letter, legal,
tabloid)
--output_path arg path to where output files will be
written
--non_neutral_stability arg (=0) use non-neutral stability (true, false)
--alpha_stability arg alpha value for atmospheric stability
--input_points_file arg input file containing lat, long, z for
requested output points (z in m above
ground)
--output_points_file arg file to write containing output for
requested points
--existing_case_directory arg path to an existing OpenFOAM case
directory
--momentum_flag arg (=0) use momentum solver (true, false)
--number_of_iterations arg (=300) number of iterations for momentum
solver
--mesh_count arg number of cells in the mesh
--non_equilibrium_boundary_conditions arg (=1) use non-equilibrium boundary conditions
for a momentum solver run (true, false)

PS C:\WindNinja\WindNinja-3.4.A\bin>

```

Options can be used in any order. Each option has an associated value that can be a string, integer, or float value depending on the option. Some of the options have a default value that is used if the option is not specified. The default value is shown in parenthesis (for example, the `--num_threads` option shown above is defaulted to 1 thread).

Depending on the type of run you are trying to do, certain options are required and some are mutually exclusive (ie. can't both be specified at the same time). If you specify two mutually exclusive options, or don't specify a required option, a message with information on what you did wrong should be shown. There are too many possible combinations of options to describe here. Instead, some example configuration files have been included with the installation to show which options to specify for common types of runs. We recommend starting with one of these example configuration files and modifying them for your purpose.

Starting a run using the terminal

The terminal can be used to start a run by simply typing “WindNinja.cli” followed by the option/value pairs separated by a space or “=” like this:

```
WindNinja_cli --num_threads 4 --vegetation=trees ...etc...
```

Starting a run using a configuration file

The configuration files are just text files that list the options and associated values. The example configuration files provided with the normal WindNinja installation are located in the installation’s “*etc/windninja/example-files*” directory. The files are:

```
cli_domainAverage.cfg  
cli_domainAverage_diurnal.cfg  
cli_momentumSolver_diurnal.cfg  
cli_pointInitialization_diurnal.cfg  
cli_wxModelInitialization_diurnal.cfg
```

The filenames give insight into what sort of WindNinja run the configuration file does. For example, the “cli_wxModelInitialization_diurnal.cfg” file does a weather forecast model initialized simulation with diurnal flow turned on. You can open each file to see additional comments describing what the run is doing. The format of a configuration file is as follows:

- “#” denotes a comment (to the end of the line)
- Setting an option is like this: `option_name = option_value`
Note that the “--” is not used in the option name in a configuration file.

The contents of a configuration file are shown below:

```
#
# This is an example command line interface (cli) configuration file.
#
# This particular file illustrates the necessary options settings to
# do a weather forecast model initialization run with diurnal winds.
# The weather model is downloaded via the Internet. The mesh is set
# to a specified resolution of 250 meters.
#
num_threads = 12
elevation_file = C:/XXXX/missoula_valley.tif
initialization_method = wxModelInitialization
time_zone = America/Denver
wx_model_type = NCEP-NAM-12km-SURFACE
forecast_duration = 100
output_wind_height = 20.0
units_output_wind_height = ft
vegetation = trees
diurnal_winds = true
mesh_resolution = 250.0
units_mesh_resolution = m
write_goog_output = true
write_shapefile_output = true
write_ascii_output = true
write_farsite_atm = true
write_wx_model_goog_output = true
write_wx_model_shapefile_output = true
write_wx_model_ascii_output = true
```

To run this particular configuration file, you would just type:

```
WindNinja_cli C:/XXXX/cli_wxModelInitialization_diurnal.cfg
```

where “XXXX” represents the rest of the path to the file.

Starting a run by specifying options from both the terminal and a configuration file

A very useful feature of the WindNinja cli is that you can specify options from both the terminal and a configuration file at the same time. One way to use this feature would be to put the more “general” options in a configuration file, but then specify other more specific options for the run via the terminal. If the same option is specified in both the terminal and the configuration file, the terminal value is used.

As an example of this, you could use the configuration file shown above but “override” the elevation file, vegetation, and number of threads options by typing this:

```
WindNinja_cli C:/XXXX/cli_wxModelInitialization_diurnal.cfg --elevation_file  
C:/XXXX/canyon_fire.asc --vegetation grass --num_threads 4
```